



# **Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Fusion NbUP Endpoint and Clear Channel Reference Manual**

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## Revision History

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Revision	Release date	Notes
9000-62722-01	September 2008	PLR, See original document for dates and revision notes.
64-1133-01 Rev A	October 2010	LBG, Video Access 3.3
Last modified: 2010-10-15		

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# 1. Introduction

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The *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Fusion NbUP Endpoint and Clear Channel Reference Manual* provides detailed information on newly introduced MSPP components namely NbUP endpoint and Clear channel that are needed to terminate 3GPP Rel4 IP User Plane.

This manual describes the features of NbUP endpoint and Clear channel along with the other MSPP components that were updated to support NbUP protocol.

## Terminology

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**Note:** The product to which this document pertains is part of the NMS Communications Platforms business that was sold by NMS Communications Corporation (“NMS”) to Dialogic Corporation (“Dialogic”) on December 8, 2008. Accordingly, certain terminology relating to the product has been changed. Below is a table indicating both terminology that was formerly associated with the product, as well as the new terminology by which the product is now known. This document is being published during a transition period; therefore, it may be that some of the former terminology will appear within the document, in which case the former terminology should be equated to the new terminology, and vice versa.

Former terminology	Dialogic terminology
CG 6060 Board	Dialogic® CG 6060 PCI Media Board
CG 6060C Board	Dialogic® CG 6060C CompactPCI Media Board
CG 6565 Board	Dialogic® CG 6565 PCI Media Board
CG 6565C Board	Dialogic® CG 6565C CompactPCI Media Board
CG 6565e Board	Dialogic® CG 6565E PCI Express Media Board
CX 2000 Board	Dialogic® CX 2000 PCI Station Interface Board
CX 2000C Board	Dialogic® CX 2000C CompactPCI Station Interface Board
AG 2000 Board	Dialogic® AG 2000 PCI Media Board
AG 2000C Board	Dialogic® AG 2000C CompactPCI Media Board
AG 2000-BRI Board	Dialogic® AG 2000-BRI Media Board
NMS OAM Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ OAM API
NMS OAM System	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ OAM System
NMS SNMP	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ SNMP API

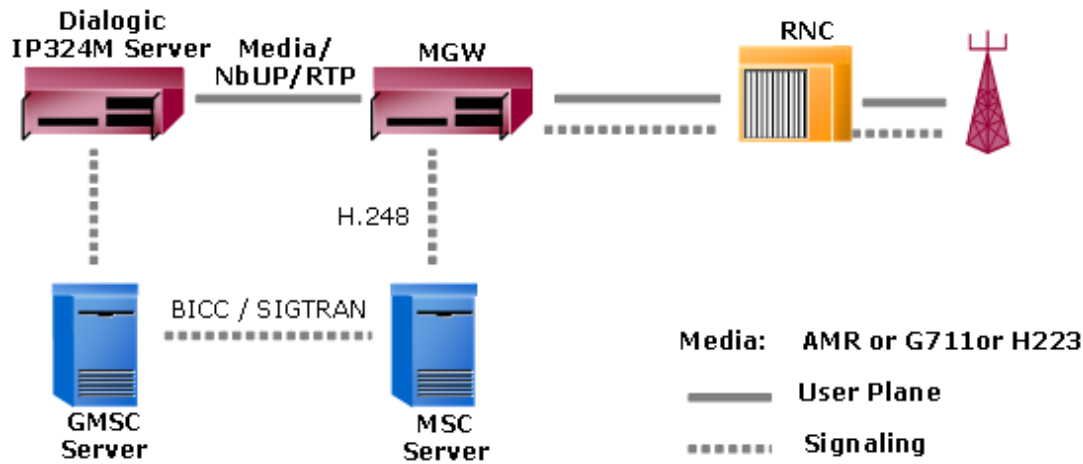
Former terminology	Dialogic terminology
Natural Access	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Software
Natural Access Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Service
Fusion	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Fusion™ VoIP API
ADI Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Alliance Device Interface API
CDI Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ CX Device Interface API
Digital Trunk Monitor Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Digital Trunk Monitoring API
MSPP Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API
Natural Call Control Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ NaturalCallControl™ API
NMS GR303 and V5 Libraries	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ GR303 and V5 Libraries
Point-to-Point Switching Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Point-to-Point Switching API
Switching Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Switching Interface API
Voice Message Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Voice Control Element API
NMS CAS for Natural Call Control	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ CAS API
NMS ISDN	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ ISDN API
NMS ISDN for Natural Call Control	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ ISDN API
NMS ISDN Messaging API	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ ISDN Messaging API
NMS ISDN Supplementary Services	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ ISDN API Supplementary Services
NMS ISDN Management API	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ ISDN Management API
NaturalConference Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ NaturalConference™ API
NaturalFax	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ NaturalFax™ API

<b>Former terminology</b>	<b>Dialogic terminology</b>
SAI Service	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Universal Speech Access API
NMS SIP for Natural Call Control	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ SIP API
NMS RJ-45 interface	Dialogic® MD1 RJ-45 interface
NMS RJ-21 interface	Dialogic® MD1 RJ-21 interface
NMS Mini RJ-21 interface	Dialogic® MD1 Mini RJ-21 interface
NMS Mini RJ-21 to NMS RJ-21 cable	Dialogic® MD1 Mini RJ-21 to MD1 RJ-21 cable
NMS RJ-45 to two 75 ohm BNC splitter cable	Dialogic® MD1 RJ-45 to two 75 ohm BNC splitter cable
NMS signal entry panel	Dialogic® Signal Entry Panel
Video Access Utilities	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Video Access Toolkit Utilities
Video Mail Application Demonstration Program	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Video Access Toolkit Video Mail Application Demonstration Program
Video Messaging Server Interface	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Video Access Toolkit Video Messaging Server Interface
3G-324M Interface	Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Video Access Toolkit 3G-324M Interface

## 2. Fusion NbUP Endpoint

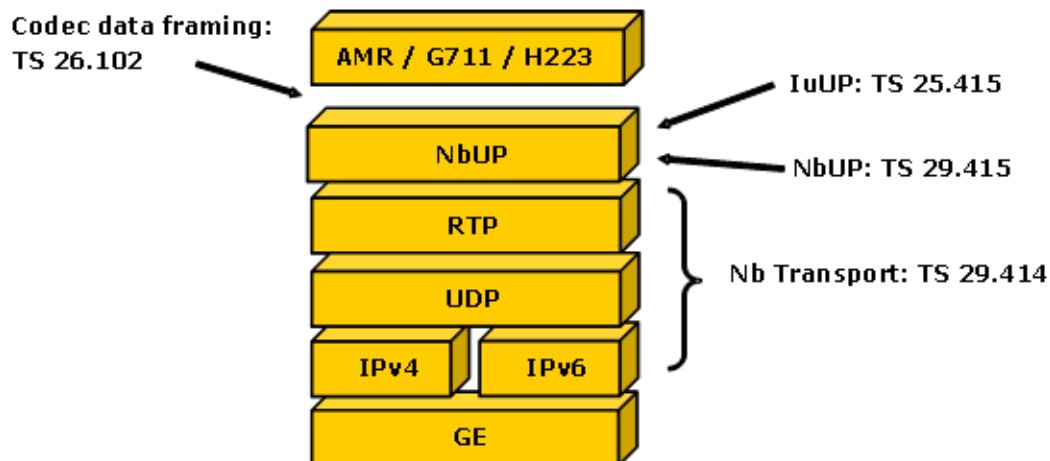
### Fusion NbUP Endpoint Usage Scenario

The following illustration shows how a platform offering media services (such as ringback tones, IVR, and IVVR) can be connected in a 3GPP Release 4 Network.



### Fusion NbUP Protocol Stack

The following illustration shows the protocol stack along with the relevant standards and specifications for each layer in the stack:



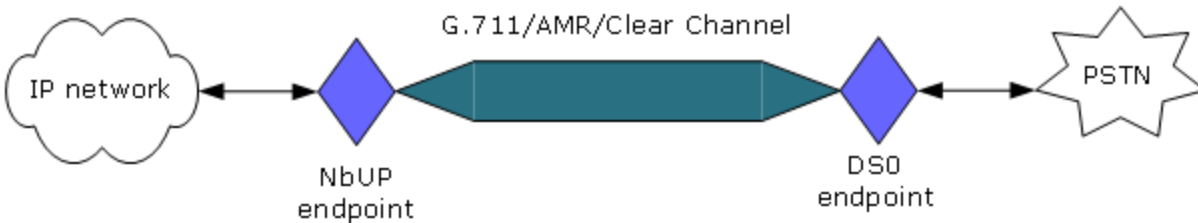
The NbUP protocol (TS 29.415) is almost identical to the Iu UP protocol (TS 25.415). Because the NbUP uses the same PDU types as the Iu UP, the term IuUP is used to refer to the common framing.

The Dialogic implementation of NbUP supports the following functions:

- Transfer of user data
- Initialization
- Error event handling
- Frame quality classification

The NbUP endpoint returns a negative acknowledgement (NACK) for all other procedures with an appropriate error code.

A typical NaturalAccess application acting as a media gateway uses an NbUP endpoint along with G.711, AMR, or clear channel connected to a DSO endpoint to transfer media between TDM and IP interfaces as shown:



## Features and Limitations

NbUP endpoint supports the following features related to NbUP protocol:

- Supports outbound (Master mode) as well as inbound (Slave mode) Iu UP INIT procedure.
- Supports PDU type 0 (with payload CRC) as well as PDU type 1 (without payload CRC) for transfer of user data.
- Supported media types include:
  - G.711/PCM – Supports 5 ms packetization and 20 ms packetization.
  - AMR – All data rates supported by Fusion are supported. (20 ms packetization time)
  - H.223 – Both 5 ms packetization and 20 ms packetization are supported.
- Frame numbering based on sent Iu UP PDU is supported. Frame numbering based on Time is not supported.
- The transport layer for Nb UP shall be RTP/IPv4. *IPv6 is not supported.*

## Configuring Fusion NbUP Endpoint

Complete the following steps to instantiate and use an NbUP endpoint for audio only or 3G-324M over IP applications:

1. [Create the NbUP endpoint using `mSPCreateEndpoint`](#). After this step, the endpoint is created and all RTP related parameters are configured. No NbUP packets can be sent or received at this state.
2. [Configure the NbUP protocol parameters using `mSPSendCommand`](#). After this step, the NbUP endpoint is ready to start NbUP initialization.
3. [Start the NbUP initialization using `mSPSendCommand`](#). This step is only necessary if the endpoint was not configured to start automatically.
4. Completion of the NbUP initialization along with some other mid-session events are indicated as MSPP unsolicited events.



## Create the NbUP endpoint using mspCreateEndpoint

NbUP endpoints are special purpose RTP endpoints and can use the same parameters to create NbUP endpoints. Set the endpoint type in the MSP\_ENDPOINT\_ADDR structure to MSP\_ENDPOINT RTPFDX\_NBUP instead of MSP\_ENDPOINT RTPFDX.

For more information, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

## Configure the NbUP protocol parameters using mspSendCommand

Use the **mspSendCommand** function to configure NbUP endpoints. Use the MSP\_CMD RTPFDX\_NBUP\_CONFIG command code and the parameters are sent through msp\_ENDPOINT RTPFDX\_NBUP\_CONFIG structure, as shown:

```
typedef struct {
    U32      nbupmodemask;          //The working mode of NBUP

    #define NBUP_AUTO_START          0x1  // Bit 1 (1 - Start immediately, 0 - Don't Start)
    #define NBUP_INITMODE_MASTER    0x2  // Bit 2 (1 - Master Mode, 0 - Slave Mode)
    #define NBUP_NO_ERROR_DETECTION 0x4  // Bit 3 (1 - PDU type 1, 0 - PDU Type 0)

    U32      inittimerduration;    // initialization phase duration
    U32      initnbretry;         // number of retry upon initialization failure
    U32      codectype;           // codec type

    #define NBUP_CODEC_PCMU          10   // G.711 Mu-law
    #define NBUP_CODEC_PCMA          11   // G.711 A-Law
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_475       32   // AMR 4.75 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_515       33   // AMR 5.15 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_59        34   // AMR 5.90 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_67        35   // AMR 6.70 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_74        36   // AMR 7.40 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_795       37   // AMR 7.95 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_102       38   // AMR 10.2 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_AMR_122       39   // AMR 12.2 kbps
    #define NBUP_CODEC_H223          40   // H.223 Media

    U32      payloadid;           // payload id for NbUP packets
    U32      frameduration;       //The frame duration (5msec or 20msec)

    #define NBUP_FD_5MSEC            5    //NbUp Frane Duration 5msec
    #define NBUP_FD_20MSEC          20    //NbUp Frane Duration 20msec

} msp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP_CONFIG;
```

```
msp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP_CONFIG nbupcfg = {0};
nbupcfg.nbupmodemask = NBUP_INITMODE_MASTER|NBUP_NO_ERROR_DETECTION;
nbupcfg.inittimerduration = 5000; // 5 secs
nbupcfg.init_nbretry = 3; // 3 retries
nbupcfg.codectype = NBUP_CODEC_PCMU; // G.711 MU-LAW
nbupcfg.payloadid = 96;
nbupcfg.frameduration = NBUP_FD_5MSEC; // 5ms packets

if ( (ret = mspSendCommand( hRtpRtcpFdxMspHd,
                          mspBuildCommand(MSP_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP,
                          MSP_CMD RTPFDX_NBUP_CONFIG ),
                          &nbupcfg,
                          sizeof(msp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP_CONFIG ) ) != SUCCESS )
{
    printf("mspSendCommand Api failed for Configuring NBUP..error 0x%x\n", ret);
}
```

**mSP\_ENDPOINT RTPFDX\_NBUP\_CONFIG**

The following table describes the mSP\_ENDPOINT RTPFDX\_NBUP\_CONFIG structure:

Field	Default	Description
nbupmodemask	0x0	Bit Mask indicating the working mode for NbUP endpoint. Each bit enables/disables a particular feature as given below: Bit 1 – Auto Start (0 – Don't Start, 1 – Start Immediately) Bit 2 – Master / Slave Mode (0 – Slave Mode, 1 – Master Mode) Bit 3 – NbUP PDU type used for media transfer (0 – PDU Type 0; with Payload CRC, 1 – PDU Type 1, without Payload CRC) Bit 4 – 32 - Reserved
inittimerduration	1000 ms	Initialization phase timer value. In master mode, the endpoint waits for this period to receive a positive or negative acknowledgement (ACK/NACK) before re-transmitting the INIT message. In slave mode, the endpoint waits for $\text{inittimerduration} * (\text{initnbretry} + 1)$ to receive an INIT message from remote end before timing out.
initnbretry	3	In master mode, the endpoint attempts these many retries in case of initialization timeout before ending the session.
codectype	10	Type of media to transfer. Also indicates the payload ID to pass onto the decoder in the connected MSPP channel.
payloadid	96	Payload ID of the RTP packets to be sent and received. These packets contain NbUP data as their payload. On the sending side, the endpoint replaces the payload ID set by the encoder in the connected MSPP channel, with this value.
frameduration	5 ms	Duration of the media put into each NbUP / RTP packet. For G.711 or H.223, the duration can be configured as either 5 ms (40 bytes payload) or 20 ms (160 bytes payload). For AMR, the duration is always 20 ms. This field also overrides the value of RTP <b>framequota</b> .

## Start the NbUP initialization using mspSendCommand

Use the **mspSendCommand** function with command code **MSP\_CMD RTPFDX\_NBUP\_START** to start the NbUP Initialization phase, unless the endpoint was configured to start automatically after configuration through **NBUP\_AUTO\_START**.

```
if (ret = mspSendCommand( hRtpRtcpFdxMspHd,
mspBuildCommand(MSP_ENDPOINT_RTPFDX_NBUP,      MSP_CMD_RTPFDX_NBUP_START ),
                NULL, 0) != SUCCESS )
{
    printf("could not start NBUP negotiation - error 0x%x\n", ret);
}
```

## Stopping the NbUP Session

Use the **MSP\_CMD RTPFDX\_NBUP\_STOP** command to stop the current NbUP session. Any session must be stopped to re-configure the endpoint with a new set of NbUP parameters.

```
if (ret = mspSendCommand( hRtpRtcpFdxMspHd,
mspBuildCommand(MSP_ENDPOINT_RTPFDX_NBUP,      MSP_CMD_RTPFDX_NBUP_STOP ),
                NULL, 0) != SUCCESS )
{
    printf("could not stop NBUP session- error 0x%x\n", ret);
}
```

## MSPP Unsolicited Events

The following table lists the unsolicited events returned by NbUP filters:

Event	Description
MSPEVN_NBUP_INIT	Indicates the completion of Initialization phase. Could be positive acknowledgement (ACK), negative acknowledgement (NACK), or Timeout.
MSPEVN_NBUP_ERROR	Indicates an error condition during the session.

### MSPEVN\_NBUP\_INIT event Reason Codes

The following table summarizes the possible reason codes in MSPEVN\_NBUP\_INIT event:

Reason code	Description
NBUP_INIT_SUCCESS	SUCCESS
NBUP_INIT_TIMEOUT	Timeout waiting for INIT message.
NBUP_INIT_ACK_TIMEOUT	Timeout waiting for acknowledgement
NBUP_INIT_NACK	Negative acknowledgement received.

**MSPEVN\_NBUP\_ERROR Event Reason Codes**

<b>Reason code</b>	<b>Description</b>
NBUP_ERROR_CRC_HEADER	CRC error of frame header
NBUP_ERROR_CRC_PAYLOAD	CRC error of frame payload
NBUP_ERROR_UNEXP_FRAME_NB	Unexpected frame number
NBUP_ERROR_FRAME_LOSS	Frame loss
NBUP_ERROR_UNKNOWN_PDU	PDU type unknown
NBUP_ERROR_UNKNOWN_PROC	Unknown procedure
NBUP_ERROR_UNKNOWN_RSV	Unknown reserved value
NBUP_ERROR_UNKNOWN_FIELD	Unknown field
NBUP_ERROR_FRAMME_TOO_SHORT	Frame too short
NBUP_ERROR_MISSING_FIELD	Missing fields
NBUP_ERROR_UNEXP_PDU	Unexpected PDU type
NBUP_ERROR_UNEXP_PROC	Unexpected procedure
NBUP_ERROR_UNEXP_RFCI	Unexpected RFCI
NBUP_ERROR_UNEXP_VALUE	Unexpected value
NBUP_ERROR_INIT_FAILURE	Initialization failure
NBUP_ERROR_INIT_NET_FAILURE	Initialization failure (network error, timer expiry)
NBUP_ERROR_INIT_NACK_FAILURE	Initialization failure (luUP function error, repeated negative acknowledgement)
NBUP_ERROR_RATE_CTRL_FAILURE	Rate control failure
NBUP_ERROR_EVENT_FAILURE	Error event failure
NBUP_ERROR_TIME_ALIGNMENT_NOT_SUPP	Time Alignment not supported
NBUP_ERROR_TIME_ALIGNMENT_NOT_POSS	Requested Time Alignment not possible
NBUP_ERROR_MODE_VERSION_NOT_SUPP	luUP Mode version not supported

## MSPP Unsolicited Event Structures

Fusion NbUP Endpoint uses two MSPP unsolicited event structures:

- MSPEVN\_NBUP\_INIT
- MSPEVN\_NBUP\_ERROR

### MSPEVN\_NBUP\_INIT

```
typedef struct tag_msp_NBUP_INIT
{
    DWORD FilterId; /* NbUP Filter ID (MSP_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP)*/
    DWORD status; /* Success or error condition */
} msp_NBUP_INIT;
```

### MSPEVN\_NBUP\_ERROR

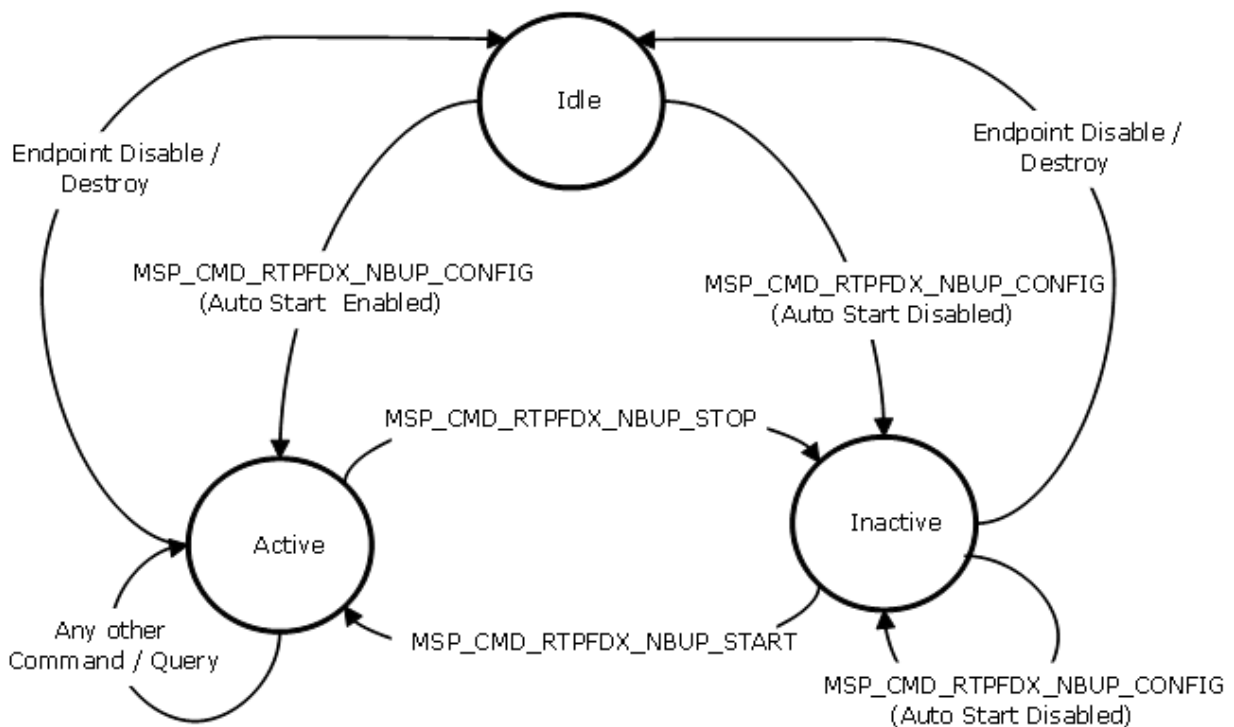
```
typedef struct tag_msp_NBUP_ERROR
{
    DWORD FilterId; /* NbUP Filter ID (MSP_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP)*/
    DWORD error; /* Error condition */
} msp_NBUP_ERROR;
```

## MSPP State Machine

For more information, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

## NbUP State Machine

The following illustration shows the NbUP state machine and all the possible transitions:



**Note:** NbUP states and MSPP states are independent of each other.

## NbUP Endpoint Status Query

An application can query the status of the endpoint when it is in Active State (both the RTP and NbUP states must be in Active State). The query returns filter status information in a buffer. For more information, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

The buffer received with the query response is of type `misp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP_STATUS`:

```
typedef struct tag_misp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_STATUS {
    misp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_STATUS rtpfdxstats; // RTP status
    misp_ENDPOINT_NBUP_STATUS nbupstats; // NbUP status
} misp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_NBUP_STATUS;
```

```
typedef struct tag_misp_ENDPOINT_NBUP_STATUS {
    DWORD mode;
    DWORD state;
    DWORD rtptype;
    DWORD rxPduFrame;
    DWORD rxCtrlFrame;
    DWORD txPduFrame;
    DWORD txCtrlFrame;
    DWORD rateCtrlError;
    DWORD timeAlignmentError;
    DWORD frameLossError;
    DWORD unexpectedFrameError;
    DWORD unexpectedPduError;
    DWORD unknownProcError;
    DWORD unknownPduError;
    DWORD crcHeaderError;
    DWORD crcPayloadError;
} misp_ENDPOINT_NBUP_STATUS;
```

For more information about the `misp_ENDPOINT RTPFDX_STATUS` structure, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

The following NbUP-related information is returned as part of `misp_ENDPOINT_NBUP_STATUS`:

Field	Description
mode	NbUP Mode configured.
state	Indicates the current NbUP state of the filter: Idle (0x00) The filter is created. Inactive (0x01) The filter is configured with its NbUP parameters. Active (0x02) The filter is transferring media.

Field	Description
rtpType	Type of Media being transferred. Valid values: 1 = RTP_DATA_TYPE_G711_5MS 2 = RTP_DATA_TYPE_G711_20MS 3 = RTP_DATA_TYPE_AMR 4 = RTP_DATA_TYPE_H223_5MS 5 = RTP_DATA_TYPE_H223_20MS
rxPduFrame	Received NbUP PDU message count.
rxCtrlFrame	Received NbUP Control message count.
txPduFrame	Transmitted NbUP PDU message count.
txCtrlFrame	Transmitted NbUP Control message count.
rateCtrlError	Rate control failure count.
timeAlignmentError	Time Alignment Error count.
frameLossError	Number of frames lost.
unexpectedFrameError	Unexpected frame error count.
unexpectedPduError	Unexpected PDU error count.
unknownProcError	Unexpected Control Procedure count.
unknownPduError	Unknown PDU error count.
crcHeaderError	Header CRC checksum error count.
crcPayloadError	Payload CRC checksum error count.

## 3. Jitter Filter

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### Jitter Filter RFD Command

Jitter filter supports a command for changing remote frame duration (RFD) in runtime along with existing commands.

RFD defines the duration of voice and data in each RTP packet received. Jitter filter needs to correctly assemble the received packets to match the frame size expected by the decoder. For example, the frame size expected by G.711 decoder is 10 ms. If the RTP endpoint connected to the jitter is receiving 5 ms packets, then jitter RFD needs to be defined as 5 ms. The jitter can then merge the two consecutive packets properly before forwarding it to the decoder.

The following table describes the jitter command:

Command ID	Description	Units	Default
MSP_CMD_JITTER_CHG_RFD	Changes jitter RFD.	ms	N/A

Use the `msp_FILTER_JITTER_CMD` structure to send the command to the jitter filter. For more information, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

The following table defines the jitter RFD values:

Value	Description
MSP_RFD_20MS	The received packets have 20 ms frames. In this case, jitter filter forwards the frame as is.
MSP_RFD_5MS	The received packets have 5 ms frames. In this case, jitter merges frames and then forwards it to decoder.



## 4. Clear Channel

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### Clear Channel Overview

An MSPP channel is made up of one or more filters that transform a real-time flow of voice or fax data from one form to another. The application creates the MSPP channels independently of MSPP endpoints and then uses channels to connect pairs of compatible endpoints. Clear channel is a new channel type for transparently passing any data between two endpoints.

The following table provides an overview of the information provided with **mspCreateChannel** for creating a clear channel:

Channel type	Address structure	Parameter structure
Clear	Board number Channel type Enable or disable special filter attributes (with the FilterAttribs parameter)	Jitter parameters Voice encoder parameters Voice decoder parameters

### Creating a Clear Channel

To create an MSPP clear channel, use `MSP_CHANNEL_ADDR` and any channel-specific parameter structures to specify parameters.

For more information, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

Specify the `channelType` field in the `MSP_CHANNEL_ADDR` structure with one of the following values:

Value	Description
<code>ClearFullDuplex</code>	Full duplex transparent data flow between two endpoints.
<code>ClearEncodeSimplex</code>	Simplex transparent data flow from the Left endpoint (usually DS0) to Right endpoint (usually RTP).
<code>ClearDecodeSimplex</code>	Simplex transparent data flow from the Left endpoint (usually RTP) to Right endpoint (usually DS0).

## Encoder Parameters

The following parameter subset is supported by the clear channel encoder component defined in the `msp_FILTER_ENCODER_PARMS` structure:

Field	Type	Default	Units	Description
size	DWORD	N/A	N/A	Size of the structure.
mode	WORD	0x0001 (online)	N/A	Vocoding mode. Off-line means that the encoder produces null media packet frames.  0x0000 = off-line 0x0001 = online

All other parameters are ignored by the encoder.

For more information, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

## Decoder Parameters

The clear channel decoder component defined in the `msp_FILTER_DECODER_PARMS` structure supports only the following subset of parameters:

Field	Type	Default	Units	Description
size	DWORD	N/A	N/A	Size of the structure.
mode	WORD	0x0001 (online)	N/A	Vocoding mode. Off-line means that the decoder filter plays silence to the DSO endpoint.  0x0000 = off-line 0x0001 = online

All other parameters are ignored by the decoder.

For more information, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Media Stream Protocol Processing API Developer's Manual*.

## Configuring the Board

Clear channel needs RAW DSP resources to be configured on the board to be able to run. RAW DSP resources are built using “f\_raw” DPM which has to be run in a DSP pool configured to run with no companding (NO\_LAW).

When configuring a CG board for 3G-324M over IP applications, you must configure MUX and RAW DSP pools. Refer to the DSP Resource management section of CG board installation and developer's manual for general information about configuring the board.

## Sample Resource Definitions

```
# -----
# Set up the voice processing DSP's in A_LAW (for E1)
# Set up the MUX and RAW DSP's in NO_LAW so they won't compand
# -----
DSP.C5x[0..95].XLaw          = A_LAW
DSP.C5x[0..11].XLaw         = NO_LAW
DSP.C5x[12..17].XLaw        = NO_LAW
# -----
# Very important for MUX DSP's in 3G-324M Interface configuration!
# -----
DSP.C5x[0..11].DataInQSize   = 0x800
DSP.C5x[0..11].DspOutQStart = 0x2900
DSP.C5x[0..11].DspOutQSize  = 0x900
#####
# RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
#####
# Resource Pool 1 - MUX
#####
Resource[0].Name           = MUX_DEMUX
Resource[0].TCPs           = nocc
Resource[0].DSPs           = 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
Resource[0].Size           = 120
Resource[0].StartTimeSlot  = 0
Resource[0].Definitions    = (mux.mux & mux.demux)
#####
# Resource Pool 2 - RAW
#####
Resource[1].Name           = RAW
Resource[1].TCPs           = nocc
Resource[1].DSPs           = 12 13 14 15 16 17
Resource[1].Size           = 120
Resource[1].StartTimeSlot  = 120
Resource[1].Definitions    = (f_raw.cod & f_raw.dec)
#####
```

## 5. Demonstration Program

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### Changes to msppsamp

*msppsamp* is a demonstration program provided with NaturalAccess Fusion that demonstrates how to set up MSPP endpoints and channels for data transfer between PSTN (DS0) and IP (RTP) endpoints. For more information on *msppsamp*, refer to the *Dialogic® NaturalAccess™ Fusion™ VoIP API Developer's Manual*.

*msppsamp* supports the following functionality:

- Creating, configuring, and querying an NbUP endpoint.
- Clear channel.
- Streaming the NbUP data stream to another IP address using RTP switching channel for validation and capture purposes.

### Command Line Switches

The following table describes the command line switches that were added or modified:

Entry	Description	Valid values
-a	Create NbUP endpoint in place of normal RTP endpoint.	N/A
-s <i>destinationIPAddress</i>	IPv4 address of remote machine to which the NbUP stream is forwarded using RTP switching channel.	IPv4 address.
-g vocodertype	Type of encoder/decoder filter to use.	CLR and clr along with already supported values.

### RTP Endpoint Filter Commands

The following commands were added to the RTP endpoint filter commands:

Option	Sub-option	Description
B	RTP endpoint filter commands.	
	7	Configure NbUP protocol parameters.
	8	Start NbUP initialization procedure.
	9	Stop NbUP initialization procedure.

## Jitter Filter Commands

The following commands were added to the Jitter filter commands:

Option	Sub-option	Description
C	Jitter filter commands	
	4	Change RFD.